# Latin America Climate-Smart Villages AR4D sites: 2017 Inventory







## **CGIAR Centers**







# Implementing partners





# Local partners









Asociación de Juntas de Acción Comunal del Noroccidente de Popayán, Cauca.

#### Citation

Bonilla-Findji O, Alvarez-Toro P, Martinez-Baron D, Ortega LA, Aguilar A, Paz L, Suchini JG, Castellanos A, Martínez JD. 2018. Latin America Climate-Smart Villages AR4D sites: 2017 Inventory. Wageningen, The Netherlands: CGIAR Research Program on Climate Change, Agriculture and Food Security (CCAFS).



# Inventory of CSA practices in Latin America's Climate-Smart Villages



RESEARCH PROGRAM ON Climate Change, Agriculture and Food Security



Total practices: 12

Practices with mitigation potential: 5

Q Gender impact assessed for: 4

O Potential gender impact known for: 4

CSA sub-practice	Mitigation potential	Country	CSV sites	Crop	Tested	Evaluated	# HH¹	Gender assessed	Potential gender impacts
Crop residue	V/	Colombia	Cauca	Coffee, Sugar cane	Χ	Χ	17	-	-
retention	X	Nicaragua	El Tuma La Dalia	Beans, plantains, Vegetables	Χ	-	28	X	X
Improved varieties		Colombia	Cauca	Beans	Χ	Χ	15	-	-
(Drought	-	Guatemala	Olopa	Beans	Χ	-	23	-	-
tolerance)		Nicaragua	El Tuma La Dalia		Χ	-	15	-	-
Resilient Home Gardens	-	Honduras	Santa Rita	Vegetables	Х	-	3	-	-
(+water harvesting)		Guatemala	Olopa		Χ	-	23	-	-
		Colombia	Cauca		X	Χ	52	X	X
	-	Nicaragua	El Tuma La Dalia	Vegetables	Χ	-	30	-	Χ
Improved	-	Colombia	Cauca	Beans	X	X	17	-	-
seeds Biofortified				Maize Beans Others					Χ
	-	Colombia	Cauca	Coffee, Beans, Sugar cane, Home gardens	Χ	X	63	-	-
Organic fertilizer		Honduras	Santa Rita	Beans, Coffee Maize	X	-	22	-	-
		Nicaragua	El Tuma La Dalia	Others	-	-	2	X	Χ
Compost		Guatemala	Olopa	Home gardens	Х	-	23	-	-



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CSA sub-practice	Mitigation potential	Country	CSV sites	Crop	Tested	Evaluated	# HH¹	Gender assessed	Potential gender impacts
Mixed legume/ non-legume intercrop	Χ	Honduras	Santa Rita	Coffee	Х	-	34	-	-
Crop rotation (Mixed legume/no legume)	n- <sup>-</sup>	Honduras	Santa Rita	Maize	Х	-	5	-	-
Water harvesting (Cisterns and Tanks)	-	Colombia	Cauca	Vegetables Beans	Х	-	5	-	-
Irrigation (other)	Х	Guatemala	Olopa	Home gardens	Х	-	23	-	-
		Colombia	Cauca	Beans, Home gardens	X	-	1	-	-
Agrosilvopastoral systems	Х	Nicaragua	El Tuma La Dalia	Livestock Agroforestry	X	-	21	-	X
Boundary	-	Colombia	Cauca	Agroforestry	X	-	1	-	-
Planting (Living fences or hederows)		Nicaragua	El Tuma La Dalia		Χ	-	19	Χ	Χ

<sup>1</sup> HH: households



# Inventory of CSA practices in Latin America's Climate-Smart Villages







Market services	Country	CSV sites	Available	Tested	Evaluated	Gender assessed	Potential gender impacts
	Colombia	Cauca	Χ	-	-	-	-
Contract farming	Guatemala	Olopa	X	-	-	-	-
	Nicaragua	El Tuma La Dalia	Χ	-	-	-	-
Price support	Colombia	Cauca	Х	-	-	-	-

Financial services	Country	CSV sites	Available	Tested	Evaluated	Gender assessed	Potential gender impacts
Capacity building/ Technical	Honduras	Santa Rita	Χ	-	-	-	-
Government subsidies (during the election period)	Honduras	Santa Rita	Χ	-	-	-	-
Individual bank savings	Honduras	Santa Rita	Χ	-	-	-	-
	Guatemala	Olopa	X	-	-	-	-
	Honduras	Santa Rita	Χ	-	-	-	-
Individual (short-term)	Guatemala	Olopa	Χ	-	-	-	-
bank loans	Nicaragua	El Tuma La Dalia	X	-	-	-	-
Informal group loans	Guatemala	Olopa	X	-	-	-	-
Informal savings groups	Colombia	Cauca	Х	-	-	-	-
Value-Chain finance	Colombia	Cauca	Х	-	-	-	-

#### **Contacts**

Regional Program Leader LAM **Deissy Martinez-Baron** (d.m.baron@cgiar.org)

CSV Coordinator

Jesús Martínez Salgado

(j.d.martinez@cgiar.org)

### Acknowledgments

This CSV inventory was implemented as part of CCAFS Flagship 2 activities under the global and regional coordination of Osana Bonilla-Findji and Deissy Martinez-Baron respectively. We would like to acknowledge the valuable support of Ecohabitats Foundation and CATIE, our implementing partners.

# **Climate-Smart Village** Cauca (Colombia)









1760











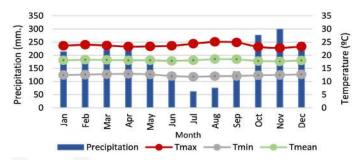




# Main crops and livestock + → Specific

**Food:** vegetables ♀ **Food/cash:** beans, pigs ♀ **Cash:** coffee, sugar cane, hen ♀

## **Climatic conditions**



Source: www.worldclim.org

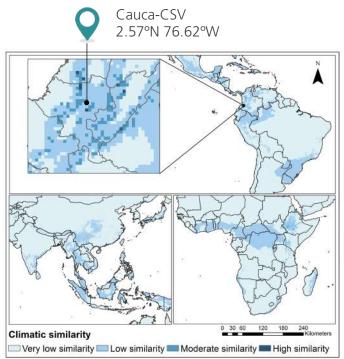
	Parameter	Amount	Narrative
****	Total annual P	2.256 mm	In a single rainy season of 2.015 mm (Sep-May) and a dry season of 241 mm (Jun-Aug)
	Max # of consecutive dry months	2 months (< 100 mm)	
	Max T rainy season	25°C	
•	Max T dry season	25°C	
	Highest Tmin	13°C	April

#### \*CCAFS Household, Community and Gender baselines (2014)

## Climate-related risks

Higher temperatures, rainy seasons unstable and erratic, more frequent droughts, increased pest and diseases, erosion, frost and forest fires.

# **Areas of climatic similarity**



Areas whose future projected climate (by 2030) is similar to the current climate in this CSV

# Climate-Smart Village Cauca (Colombia)









**1760** 



**1-2 Ha**Farm size



1491











# 2017: Field testing of CSA portfolio and # of households involved

Tested ► Evaluated ► Tested & Evaluated U Mitigation potential Households Available in Site, not by CCAFS ♀ Gender aspect assessed ♀ Potential gender impact



# à C

# Agro-climatic services



Financial services



**Market** incentives



- Improved varieties 20 (Drought tolerance)
  - Crop residue 17 retention
  - Resilient Home **52**Gardens (+water harvesting)
- Improved seeds 17 biofortified
- Organic Fertilizer **63**
- Water harvesting (cisterns and tanks)
- Irrigation (others)
- Boundary planting (Living fences or hederows)

- Seasonal forecast
- Management recommendations by the National Coffee Federation extension agents
- ▲ Value chain finance
- ▲ Individual short term bank loans
- ▲ Informal savings groups
- ▲ Price support
- ▲ Contract farming

# Flagship projects

- Local to National/Regional synthesis, research and engagement
- <u>Tailored Agro-Climate Services and food security</u> information for better decision making

#### **Contacts**

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Jesús Martínez Salgado

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#### **Partners**









Asociación de Juntas de Acción Comunal del Noroccidente de Popayán, Cauca.



CIAT, Ecohabitats Foundation, Corporación Autonoma Regional del Cauca, UMATA, Universidad del cauca, IDEAM

#### CSV profile developed by Osana Bonilla-Findji, Patricia Alvarez-Toro and Julian Ramirez-Villegas

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This work was implemented as part of CCAFS Flagship 2, which is carried out with support from CGIAR Fund Donors and through bilateral funding agreements. For details please visit <a href="https://ccafs.cgiar.org/donors.">https://ccafs.cgiar.org/donors.</a>

CCAFS is supported by:

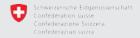












Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation SDC











# **Climate-Smart Village** El tuma la Dalia (Nicaragua)









900



**1-5 Ha** Farm size













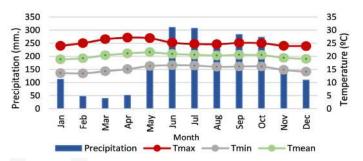


# Main crops and livestock +→ Specific

**Food:** beans, maize, minor species ♀

**Food/cash:** pigs ♀ Cash: coffee, cocoa

# **Climatic conditions**



Source: www.worldclim.org

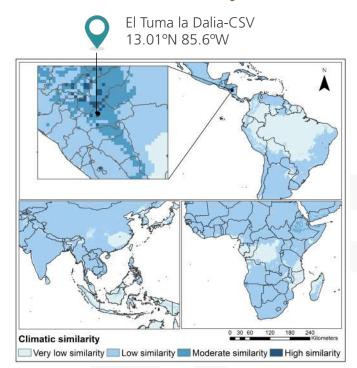
	Parameter	Amount	Narrative
•••	Total annual P	2.105 mm	A single rainy season of 1.599 mm (May – Oct) and a dry season of 506 mm (Jan-Apr, Nov-Dec)
	Max # of consecutive dry months	3 months (< 100 mm)	
$\mathbf{M}$	Max T rainy season	26.9°C	
•	Max T dry season	27.1°C	
	Highest Tmin	16.6°C	June

## \*CCAFS Household, Community and Gender baselines (2014)

## Climate-related risks

Drier summer season and intense canicular period. Reduction in average monthly rainfall.

# **Areas of climatic similarity**



Areas whose future projected climate (by 2030) is similar to the current climate in this CSV

# **Climate-Smart Village** El tuma la Dalia (Nicaragua)









900 m.a.s.l



1-5 Ha



Agro-climatic

613



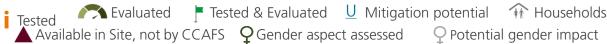








## 2017: Field testing of CSA portfolio and # of households involved





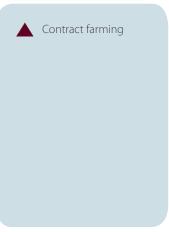












## Flagship projects

- Local to National/Regional synthesis, research and engagement
- Outscaling a citizen science approach to test climate adaptation options on farms
- Tailored Agro-Climate Services and food security information for better decision making

#### **Contacts**

Regional Program Leader LAM **Deissy Martinez-Baron** (d.m.baron@cgiar.org)

**CSV** Coordinator Jesús Martínez Salgado (j.d.martinez@cgiar.org)

## Other projects

- Agricultural systems GHG emission measurements
- Gender roles in agroforestry systems in Tuma La Dalia

#### **Partners**









CATIE, CIAT, Bioversity, ICRAF

#### Other partners

NITLAPAN, Save the Children, Acción Médica Cristiana, ADDAC

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# **Climate-Smart Village Santa Rita (Honduras)**









**660** m.a.s.



**1-5 Ha** Farm size



479 HH













# Main crops and livestock

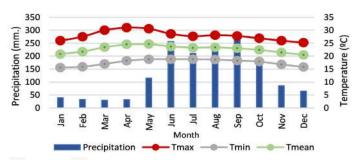
+@→ Specific

**Food:** maize, beans, small animals ♀

Food/cash: turkeys, pigs ♀

Cash: coffee, cocoa

# **Climatic conditions**



#### Source: www.worldclim.org

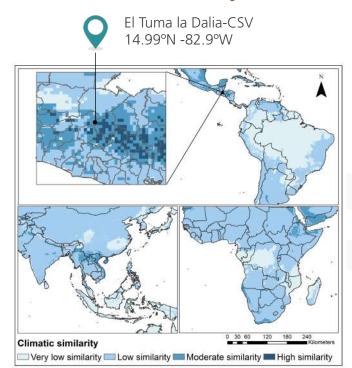
	Parameter	Amount	Narrative
****	Total annual P	1.533 mm	A single rainy season of 1.247 mm (May - Oct) and a dry season of 286 mm (Jan-Apr, Nov-Dec)
	Max # of consecutive dry months	6 months (< 100 mm)	
n	Max T rainy season	30.6°C	
	Max T dry season	31.0°C	
	Highest Tmin	18.8°C	May, June, July

#### \*CCAFS Household baselines (2014)

## Climate-related risks

Higher temperatures, unstable and erratic rainy season, more frequent droughts.

# **Areas of climatic similarity**



Areas whose future projected climate (by 2030) is similar to the current climate in this CSV

# **Climate-Smart Village Santa Rita (Honduras)**

























# 2017: Field testing of CSA portfolio and # of households involved

Tested



**Evaluated** 







 $\triangle$  Available in Site, not by CCAFS  $\bigcirc$  Gender aspect assessed

• Potential gender impact



**CSA Practices** 



Agro-climatic services



Financial services



Market incentives



Organic fertilizer 22



Resilient Home Garden (+water harvesting)



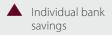
Mixed legume/ non legume inter-crop



Crop rotation Mixed legume/ non legume



Informal individual credits/loans



Government subsidies

Capacity Building-Technical Assistance (Dev. Agencies)

None

# Flagship projects

- Local to National/Regional synthesis, research and engagement
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- Tailored Agro-Climate Services and food security information for better decision making

## **Partners**











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CATIE, CIAT, Bioversity, ICRAF, IRI, Columbia University, Mancorsaric, Plan Trifinio Executive Secretariat

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# **Climate-Smart Village** Olopa (Guatemala)































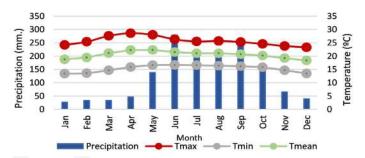
# Main crops and livestock +→ Specific

**Food:** maize, beans, small animals ♀

**Food/cash:** banana, pigs ♀

Cash: coffee, cocoa

# **Climatic conditions**



#### Source: www.worldclim.org

Parameter	Amount	Narrative
Total annual P	1.484 mm	A single rainy season of 1.236 mm (May - Oct) and a dry season of 248 mm (Jan-Apr, Nov-Dec)
Max # of consecutive dry months	6 months (< 100 mm)	
Max T rainy season	28°C	
Max T dry season	28.6°C	
Highest Tmin	16.7°C	June
	Total annual P  Max # of consecutive dry months  Max T rainy season  Max T dry season	Total annual P 1.484 mm  Max # of consecutive dry months (< 100 mm)  Max T rainy season 28°C  Max T dry season 28.6°C

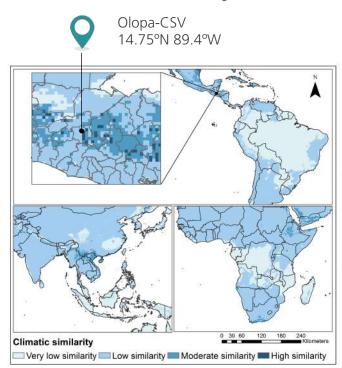
### \*CCAFS Household) baselines (2014)

# Ethnic group

# Climate-related risks

Unpredictable start of rainy season. Drier summer season

# **Areas of climatic similarity**



Areas whose future projected climate (by 2030) is similar to the current climate in this CSV

# **Climate-Smart Village** Olopa (Guatemala)















Maya Ch'ortí













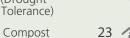
# 2017: Field testing of CSA portfolio and # of households involved

Evaluated lack Available in Site, not by CCAFS lack Gender aspect assessed • Potential gender impact













Resilient Home



Gardens (+water harvesting)





**Financial** services



Market incentives



Improved varieties 23 (Drought

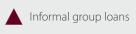






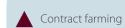












# Flagship projects

- Local to National/Regional synthesis, research and engagement
- Tailored Agro-Climate Services and food security information for better decision making

#### **Partners**









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