

## Evidences

### Study #2352

#### Contributing Projects:

- P347 - Evidence on enabling environments, effective decision making processes and impacts of nutrition-sensitive agricultural policies

#### Part I: Public communications

**Type:** Other MELIA activity

**Status:** On-going

**Year:** 2018

**Title:** Secondary data analysis of drivers of stunting reduction in Tanzania

**Commissioning Study:** UNICEF Tanzania

#### Part II: CGIAR system level reporting

#### Links to the Strategic Results Framework:

Sub-IDOs:

- Optimized consumption of diverse nutrient-rich foods

Is this OICR linked to some SRF 2022/2030 target?: Yes

SRF 2022/2030 targets:

- # of more people, of which 50% are women, meeting minimum dietary energy requirements

Description of activity / study: 2016-2019; FS1461 UNICEF

This project will set out to explain changes in child stunting, maternal anemia and maternal overweight status in Tanzania over 2004-05 to 2015-16, using several rounds of Demographic Health Surveys. The project will primarily use quantitative regression-decomposition methods, supported by qualitative literature reviews and stakeholder consultation.

#### Geographic scope:

- National

Country(ies):

- Tanzania, United Republic

Comments: <Not Defined>

#### Links to MELIA publications:

<Not Defined>