

## Workshop report: National planning for phase 1 of the CCAC paddy rice component in Vietnam

## January 2015

Vu Duong Quynh B. Ole Sander





# National planning for phase 1 of the CCAC paddy rice component in Vietnam

Workshop Report January 2015

CGIAR Research Program on Climate Change, Agriculture and Food Security (CCAFS)

Vu Duong Quynh B. Ole Sander

#### **Correct citation:**

Quynh VD, Sander BO. 2015. National planning for phase 1 of the CCAC paddy rice component in Vietnam. CCAFS Workshop Report. Hanoi, Vietnam: CGIAR Research Program on Climate Change, Agriculture and Food Security (CCAFS). Available online at: www.ccafs.cgiar.org

CCAFS Workshop Reports aim to disseminate interim climate change, agriculture and food security research and practices and stimulate feedback from the scientific community.

Published by the CGIAR Research Program on Climate Change, Agriculture and Food Security (CCAFS).

CCAFS is a strategic partnership of the CGIAR and the Earth System Science Partnership (ESSP). CGIAR is a global research partnership for a food secure future. The program is supported by the Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA), the Danish International Development Agency (DANIDA), the European Union (EU), and the CGIAR Fund, with technical support from the International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD).

#### **Contact:**

CCAFS Coordinating Unit - Faculty of Science, Department of Plant and Environmental Sciences, University of Copenhagen, Rolighedsvej 21, DK-1958 Frederiksberg C, Denmark. Tel: +45 35331046; Email: <a href="mailto:ccafs@cgiar.org">ccafs@cgiar.org</a>

Creative Commons License



This Workshop Report is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution – NonCommercial–NoDerivs 3.0 Unported License.

Articles appearing in this publication may be freely quoted and reproduced provided the source is acknowledged. No use of this publication may be made for resale or other commercial purposes.

© 2015CGIAR Research Program on Climate Change, Agriculture and Food Security (CCAFS).

#### DISCLAIMER:

This Workshop Report has been prepared as an output for the CCAC-Rice Component under the CCAFS program and has not been peer reviewed. Any opinions stated herein are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the policies or opinions of CCAFS, donor agencies, or partners. All images remain the sole property of their source and may not be used for any purpose without written permission of the source.

## Contents

Int	roduction	6
1.	Program	7
2.	Presentation summaries	9
3.	Group discussion summary	10
4.	Discussion of developing a detailed national plan for phase I of CCAC-Rice	
cor	nponent	11
5.	Field trip	12
An	nex 1: List of participants by organization.	13

### Keywords

Paddy rice; Vietnam; AWD

## **Acronyms**

AWD alternate wetting and drying

CCAC Climate and Clean Air Coalition for Reducing Short-Lived Climate Pollutants

CCAFS CGIAR Research Program on Climate Change Agriculture and Food Security

DARD Department of Agriculture and Rural Development, Vietnam

DWR Department for Water Resources, Vietnam

IAE Institute of Agricultural Environment, Vietnam

IPSARD Institute of Policy and Strategy for Agriculture and Rural Development

IRRI International Rice Research Institute

MARD Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development, Vietnam

SNV Stichting Nederlandse Vrijwilligers, The Netherlands Development Organization

UWR University of Water Resources

VAAS Vietnamese Academy of Agricultural Sciences

WB World Bank

### Introduction

This workshop was conducted as part of the mitigation strategies in rice production project, implemented with support from the agriculture initiative of the Climate and Clean Air Coalition. The project is carried out in Bangladesh, Columbia, and Vietnam with the CGIAR Research Program on Climate Change, Agriculture and Climate Change (CCAFS), the International Rice Research Institute (IRRI), and leading research and agriculture organizations in Vietnam.

The objectives of this workshop were to 1) share experience on applying and scaling up the AWD technology for paddy rice in the Red River Delta 2) identify key areas and aspects of work that need to be addressed and 3) develop a detailed national plan for phase I of CCAC-Rice component.



## 1. Program

Date	Time	Content	Person in charge		
21/1/2015		Arrival of participants	IRRI office in Hanoi		
	Field trip to Nam Sach, Hai Duong province				
	7h30-9h30	Departure for Nam Sach, Hai Duong province (pick up at Center for Women and Development 20 Thuy Khue, Ba Đình District, Hanoi at 7h30am and at Sofitel Plaza, number 1, Thanh Niên street at 7h45 am)	Dr. Vu Duong Quynh (IAE)		
22/1/2015	9h30-11h30	Meeting with stakeholders on lessons learned from applying AWD in An Lam commune, Nam Sach district, Hai Duong province			
	11h30–12h30	Field visit An Luong village, Xã An Lam, Huyện Nam Sách, Tỉnh Hải Dương			
	12h30-13h30	Lunch break			
	13h30-15h30	Back to Hotel in Hanoi			
	19h00-20h30	Welcome dinner			
	Workshop in Hanoi (White Lotus meeting room, Center for Women and				
		Thuy Khue, Ba Đình District, Hanoi)			
	8h00–8h30	Registration			
	8h30-8h40	Welcome speech	Dr. Nguyen Hong Son (VAAS)		
	8h40-8h50	Introduce objectives of WS & participant introduction	Dr. Mai Van Trinh (IAE)		
23/1/2015	8h50-9h05	Introduction on CCAC-rice component	Dr. Ole Sander (IRRI, CCAFS)		
	9h05-9h25	Overview of agricultural policy in relation to AWD application	Dr. Tran Dai Nghia (IPSARD)		
	9h25-9h45	Lessons learned from SRI demonstration in Binh Dinh and Quang Binh province	Mr. Bui Van Minh (SNV)		
	. 9h45–10h05	Coffee break			
	10h05-10h25	Summary of all the AWD technology applied in Vietnam	Dr. Vu Duong Quynh (IAE)		

	10h25-10h45	Overview of irrigation infrastructure in relationship with AWD application	Dr. Le Van Chinh (DWR, MARD)
	10h45-11h05	Map of water demand for rice plants in the Red River Delta in Vietnam.	Dr. Nguyen Van Thiet (IAE)
	11h05–11h45	<ul> <li>Group discussion on</li> <li>The Opportunities for scaling up AWD</li> <li>Adoption barriers of applying AWD and how to upscale implement AWD, especially in the North</li> </ul>	Dr. Mai Van Trinh, Dr. Tran Dair Nghia
	11h45–13h30	Lunch break	
	13h30-13h45	Group 1 presentation (AWD on fluvisol)	
	13h45-14h00	Group 2 presentation (AWD on sodic & ferric soil)	
	14h00-14h45	<ul> <li>Group discussion on</li> <li>Collecting necessary data (Climate data, topography, soil map, irrigation infrastructure and management, AWD applied in SRI, 3R3G, 1 must-5 reductions): scale of the data and person in charge of data collection</li> <li>Building website and Web-GIS</li> <li>Developing GIS maps for AWD+ suitability assessment</li> </ul>	Dr. Mai Van Trinh
23/1/2015 afternoon	14h45–15h00	Group presentation	Dr. Vu Duong Quynh (IAE)
Internal meeting	15h00-15h45	<ul> <li>Identification stakeholders</li> <li>Choosing 3 of the most mitigation potential provinces and GIS map is developed (small field demonstration)</li> <li>Design implementation mechanisms for knowledge sharing, innovation, and provision of enabling conditions for different regions and types of farmers</li> <li>Design network of on-farm innovation sites</li> <li>Writing proposal for phase II</li> </ul>	Dr. Ngo Dang Phong (IRRI)
	15h45–16h00	Group presentation	Dr. Le Van Chinh
	16h00–16h15	Closing remarks	Dr. Mai Van Trinh

#### 2. Presentation summaries

Dr. Ole Sander (IRRI): Introduction of CCAC-rice component

- Objectives of CCAC-rice component
- How to build AWD suitability map in Vietnam (example from Philippines)
- What is the input requirement for AWD suitability maps?

*Dr. Tran Dai Nghia (IPSARD)*: Overview of agricultural policy in relation to AWD application

• Review of policies/decisions on GHG mitigation in the agricultural sector in Vietnam

*MSc. Bui Van Minh (SNV)*: Lesson learned from SRI demonstration in Binh Dinh and Quang Binh province

- Introduction of SSC-SRI project (sowing seed for change)
- SRI reduced 15% seed, 5% fertilizer, 38% pesticide and 25% water used as compared with farmers' practices
- SRI reduced lodging ratio and also reduced pests & diseases as compared to farmer practice
- SRI increased weed and rat problem in comparison to farmer practice
- SRI reduced GHG emissions

Dr. Vu Duong Quynh (IAE): Summary of all AWD technology applied in Vietnam

• List experience, opportunities, and barriers in applying AWD in An Giang, Bac Lieu and Hai Duong

*Dr. Le Van Chinh (DWR, MARD)*: Overview of irrigation infrastructure in relationship to AWD application

- Review of irrigation schemes in Vietnam
- Current AWD applications in Vietnam
- Barriers for AWD application
- AWD perspectives in Vietnam

MSc. Nguyen Van Thiet (IAE): Map of water demand for rice plants in the Red River Delta in Vietnam

Introduction of CROPWAT model

- Results from calculation of water demand of rice plants
- Map of rice water demand

## 3. Group discussion summary

#### Opportunities for scaling up AWD

 AWD reduces pests and diseases, reduces lodging and reduces water used as compared with farmers' practice (continuous flooding)

#### Adoption barriers of applying AWD

- AWD does not increase rice grain yield as compared to farmer practice (continuous flooding)
- Irrigation system comprised of a well and water is always available and free of charge for farmers in the north of Vietnam. The farmers therefore think that they do not need to save water by applying AWD.
- The average size of smallholder farms in the north is very small compared to southern Vietnam (average of 1-3 plots totalling 0.2 ha of rice cultivation per household in the north)
- Farmers who live in provinces near big cities also lack the labour needed for monitoring the water level in the rice fields

#### How to upscale implement AWD

- The DARD said that they want to apply/upscale AWD, but they need the protocol for application and for scaling up AWD from MARD
- AWD should be applied together with other measures such as integrated nutrient & pest management to increase rice grain yields. The farmers then might adopt AWD.

## 4. Discussion of developing a detailed national plan for phase I of CCAC-Rice component

Activities	Who	When
Scale of AWD suitability map: 3 maps (South, Center, and North maps)	IAE, IRRI, DWR, IPSARD	July 2015
Data Collection	•	
Rice map (area, cropping, calendar)	IRRI and IAE	End of March 2015
National soil map	IAE	End of March 2015
Climate map (10 years data)	IRRI (Micahel)	End of March 2015
Irrigation map & pumping station data	DWR (Chinh)	End of March 2015
Salinity map	Mekong River Delta (Phong) Red River Delta and Center (Trinh, IAE)	End of March 2015
Policy map /documentation	Nghia (IPSARD) to be confirmed	End of March 2015
Water lost from different soil types	IAE	End of March 2015
Status of AWD, IM5R, SRI in Vietnam	Chinh (DWR) & Quynh (IAE) & Ha (EDF)	End of March 2015
Workshop on AWD & MRV	IAE, IRRI, DWR, IPSARD, EDF	May 2013
Develop AWD suitability standard	IAE, IRRI, DWR, IPARD, EDF, MARD	2015
Communication strategy:	IAE, IPSARD, IRRI	2015
AWD Suitability map	IAE (Trinh & Thiet)	July 2015
Proposal writing workshop for phase II	IAE, IRRI, DWR, IPSARD, EDF, MARD, DARD	August 2015
Submit proposal for phase II	IAE, IRRI, DWR, IPSARD, EDF, MARD, DARD	November 2015

## 5. Field trip

Farmers in An Luong village, An Lam commune, Nam Sach district, Hai Duong province reported that AWD decreased the need for the following: pumping times per season, amount of water, labour, and cost for irrigation monitoring staff. AWD also reduced irrigation fees, presence of pests and diseases, and lodging. Importantly, AWD increased rice grain yield by 10%. However, AWD also increased the occurrence of weeds and rats.

An Luong village farmers expressed a positive experience with AWD for several reasons. The main reason is the cooperation among cooperatives, farmers and the pumping station (irrigation service). A new automated irrigation system is also being tested in this place; the system stops irrigation when a certain water level in the field is reached.









## Annex 1: List of participants by organization

CCAFS: Ngo Duc Minh

**DARD, Hanam Province**: Bach Van Huy

**DWR, MARD**: Le Van Chinh

Extension Center, Binh Din Province: Nguyen Thi To Tran

IAE: Mai Van Trinh, Bui Phuong Loan, Vu Duong Quynh, Nguyen Van Thiet, Vu Dinh

Tuan, Dang Anh Minh

IPSARD: Tran Dai Nghia

IRRI: Ngo Dang Ohong, Michael Adair

Sheinkman, Bjoern Ole Sander

MARD: Le Hoang Anh

Media: Bui Thi Thury (Communist

Party of Vietnam online newspaper,

Anh Tho (Rural Economy newspaper),

Tran To Nhu (Vietnam News) and

Nguyen Thao Bguyen (Dan tri News)

VAAS: Nguyen Hong Son

Minh

SNV: Bui Van Minh

**UWR:** Nguyen Viet Anh

Vietnam National University: Pham

Van Cu

WB: Cao Thang Binh



