

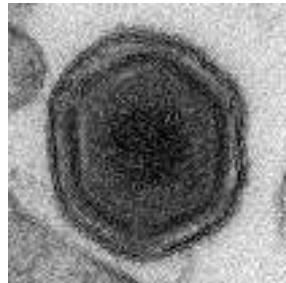
Pig value chain and African swine fever mitigation: a call to rally cross-program collaboration

*Jean-Baka Domelevo Entfellner, Vish Nene, Lucilla Steinaa, Edward Okoth Abworo,
Emily Ouma, Anna Lacasta, Naftaly Githaka*

ILRI Institute Planning Meeting, Addis Ababa, 17-19 September 2019



ASF etiology and symptoms



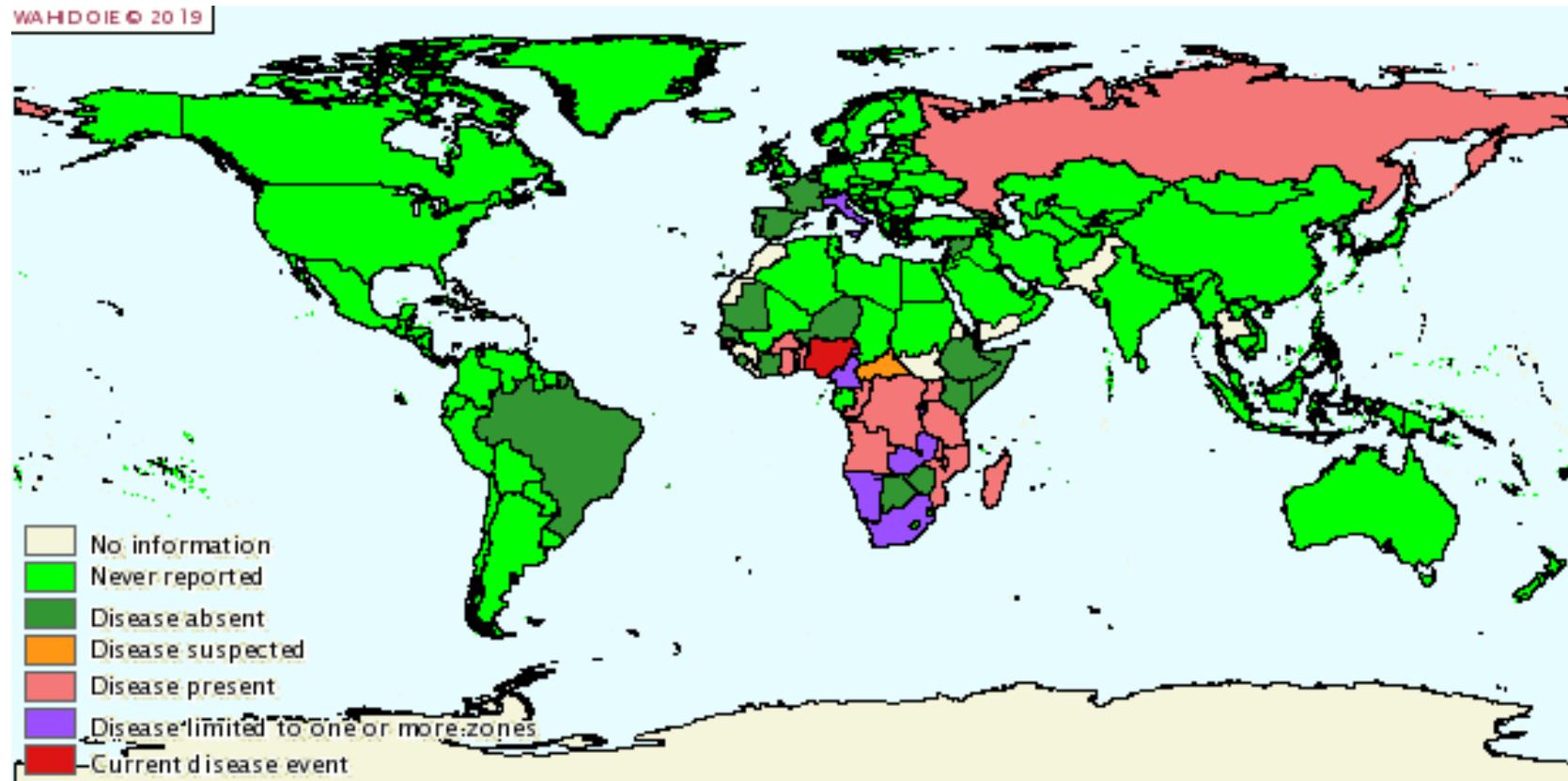
The culprit -
lasts for
months in
jambons!

African swine fever – threatening a
~\$150 billion global industry



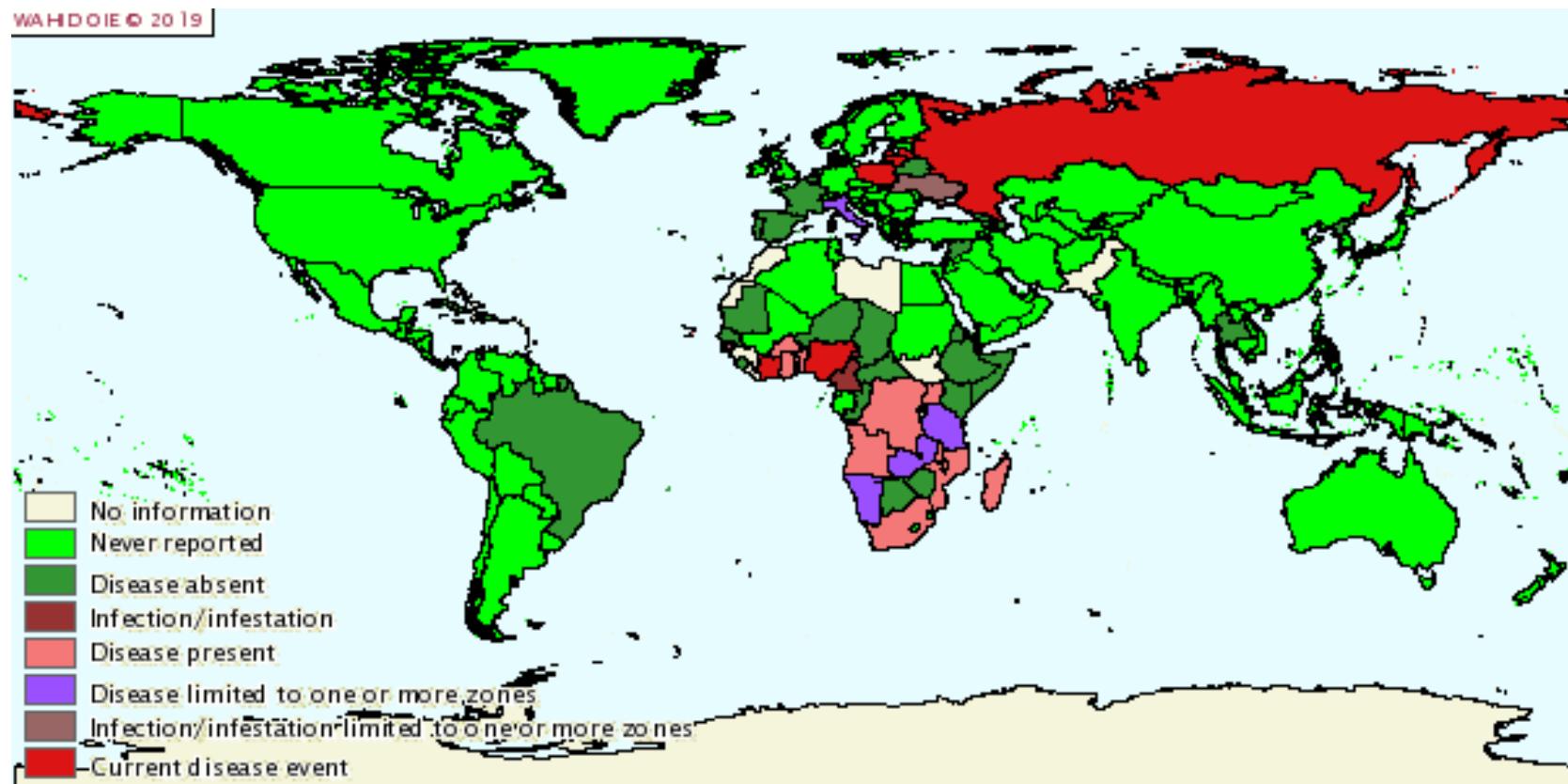
Rapid global spread of African swine fever (Africa, Asia, Europe)

S1 2009



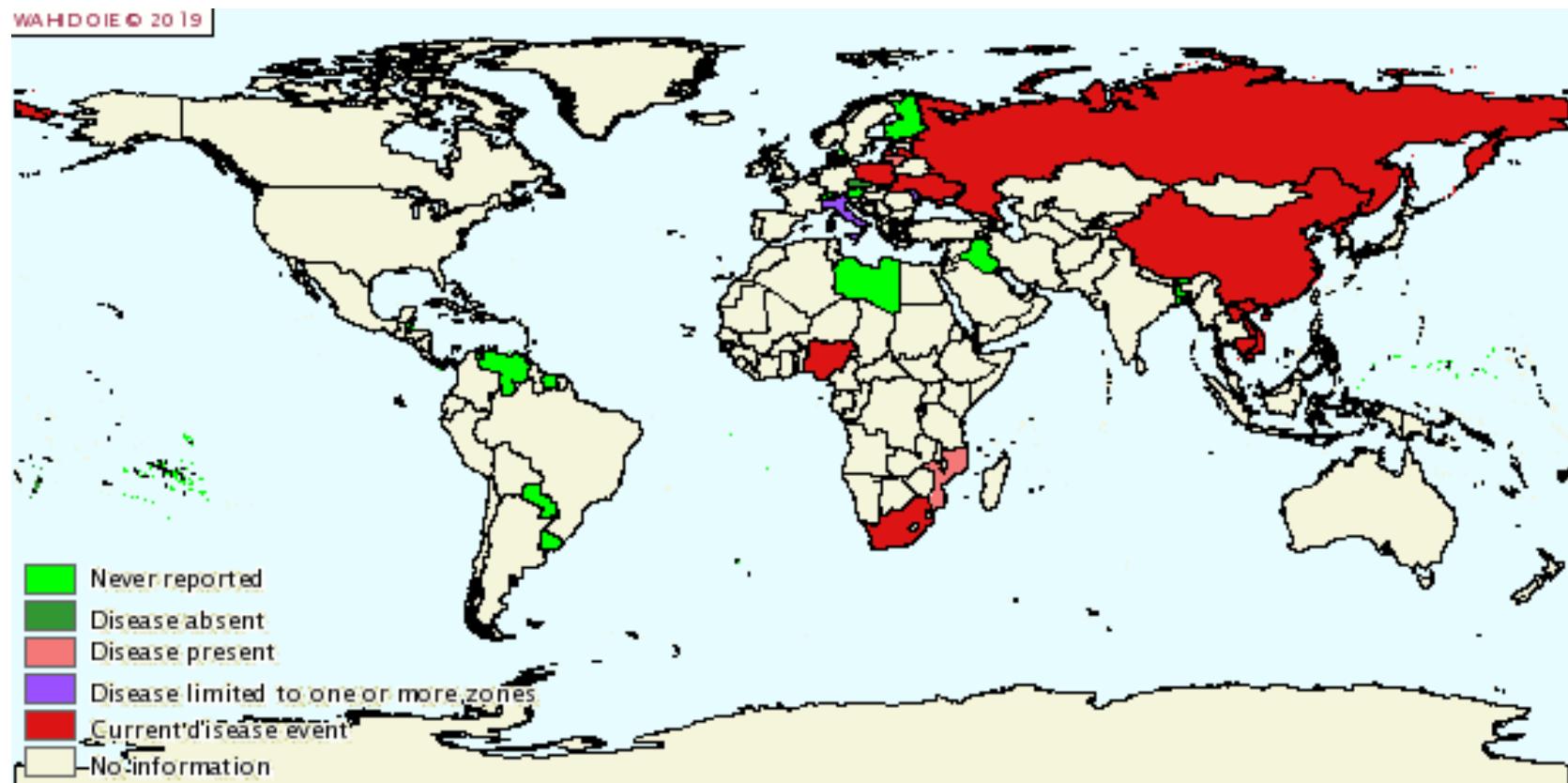
Rapid global spread of African swine fever (Africa, Asia, Europe)

S1 2014



Rapid global spread of African swine fever (Africa, Asia, Europe)

S1 2019

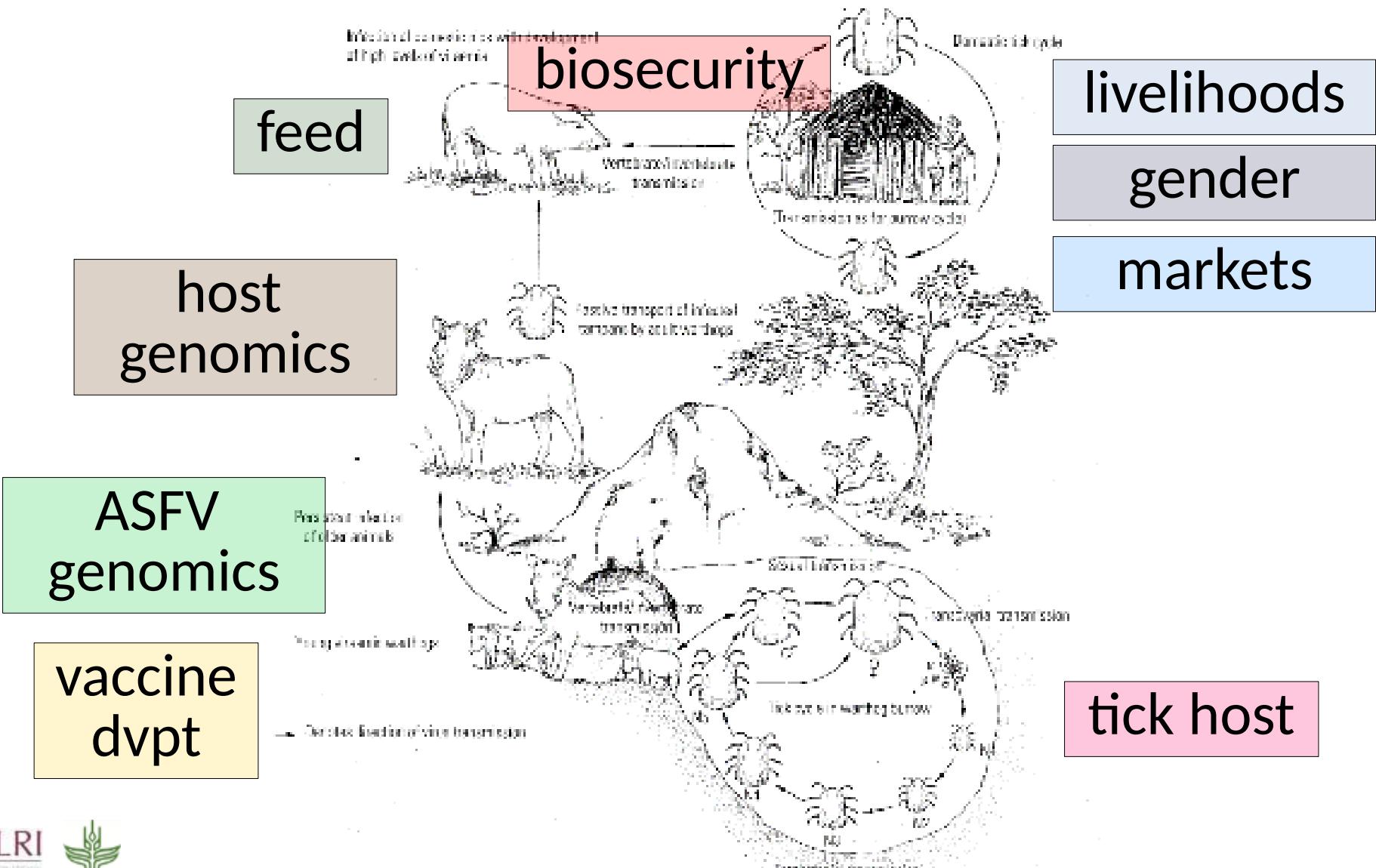


ASF in Africa



- African swine fever is present in about 26 countries in Africa.
Multiple genotypes of the virus are present.
- Large double-stranded DNA virus, related to pox viruses.
- Wildlife reservoir in Africa: warthogs, bushpigs.
Ornithodoros soft ticks can transmit ASFV.
- Impact on individuals is high: eradication of whole herds.
Many women pig smallholders.
- Prevalence is under-estimated (sell quick, rather than report)

The cross-program opportunities - pigs do fly!



Gender, pig diseases and husbandry

Women play a key role in the application of biosecurity

Pigs a direct source of household cash (“ATM of the poor”)



Part 2 - Gender-integrated health, genetics, and feed and forage research

11 THE GENDER DIMENSIONS OF A PIG DISEASE: AFRICAN SWINE FEVER IN UGANDA

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International Livestock Research Institute (ILRI),¹ Sseseineo Global 2060 Uganda,² Agency for Sustainable Development, Uganda³

Organizations

ILRI, Sseseineo 2060, AFID

Species



Methods: Literature review, key informant interviews, household

Locations



Empowering women in urban/semi-urban areas



ASFV transmission and pig value chain

A key driver of disease spread is the social network with actors of the trade node contributing the most (traders, transporters and butchers)

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[journal homepage: *www.sciencedirect.com/science/journal/03781909*](http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/journal/03781909)

 Qualitative analysis of the risks and practices associated with the spread of African swine fever within the smallholder pig value chains in Uganda
Michel Dionne*, Emily Ouma, Felix Ojio, Brian Kawumba, Daulio Pezo
www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/23632131, Temple University

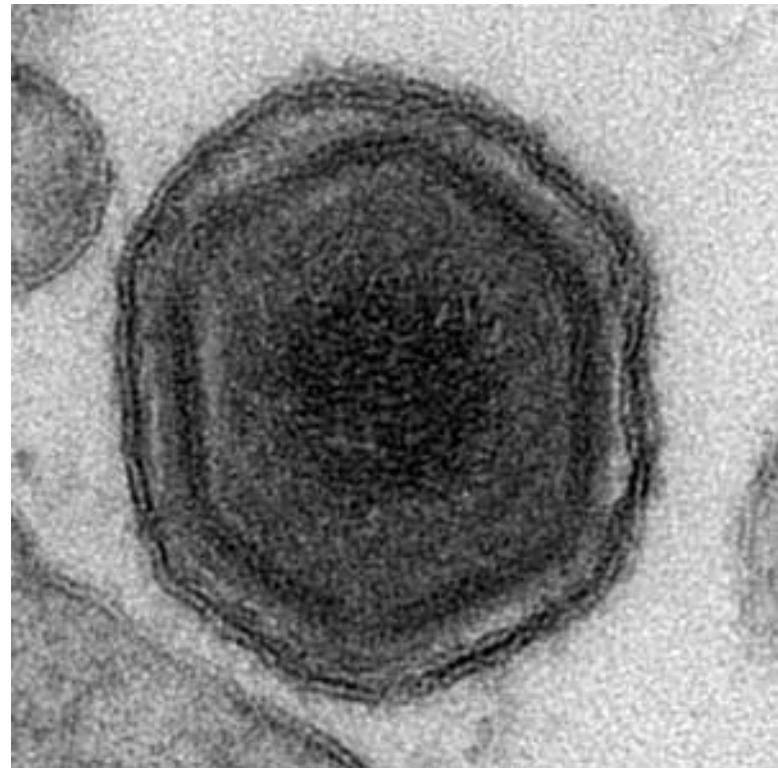

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ABSTRACT
A study was undertaken between September 2011 and December 2012 to assess the perceptions of smallholder pig value chain actors of the risks and practices associated with the spread of African swine fever (ASF) and their role in the pig value chain. Data was collected from those who raise animals and/or sell them through 17 government agencies and two big informal interview (KI) and one respectively from the pig value chain (2001 cases).
Results from the study revealed that actors thought that disease control was facilitated by the transport, slaughtering, and collecting/trading nodes (actors); the highest risks followed by the traders and



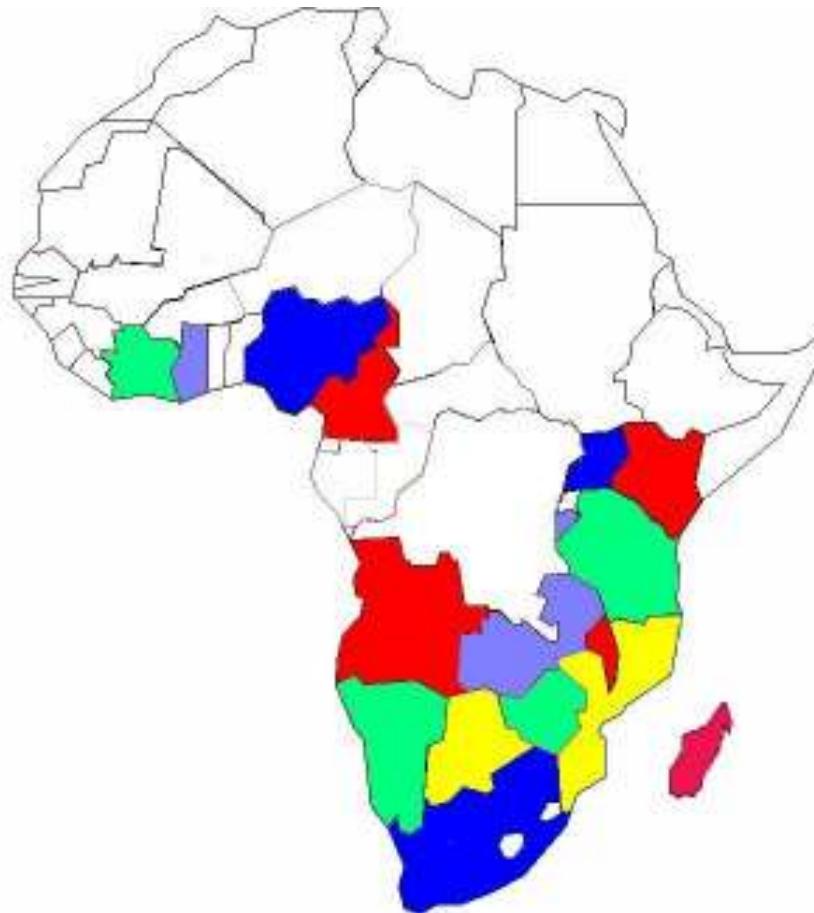
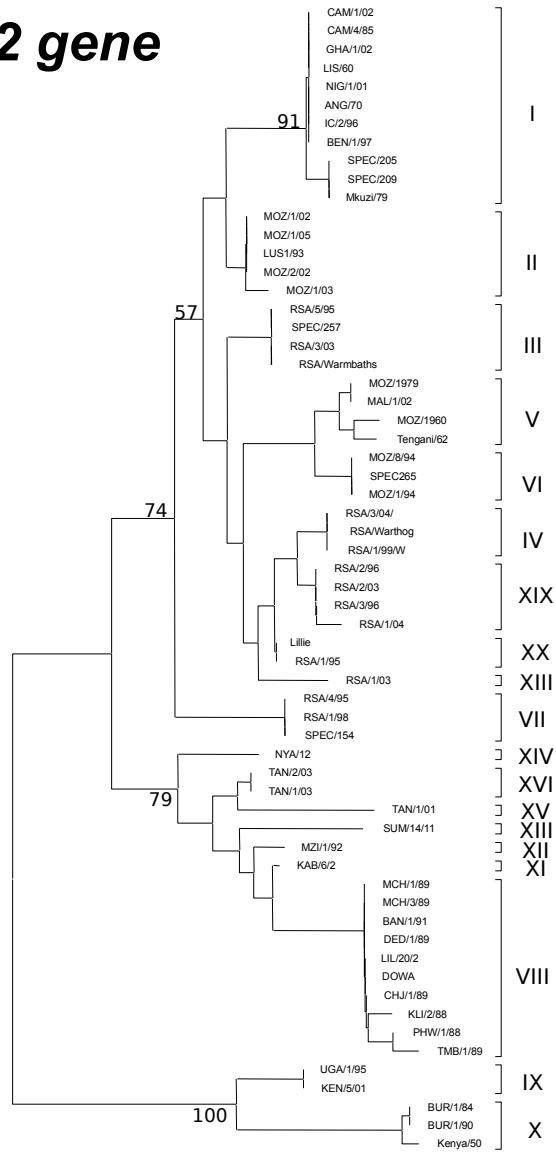
ASF genomics

- genotyping the virus
- understanding the genetic determinants of virulence level
- phylogeographics: co-study of viral evolution and geographic spread
- charting the specificity of our local, high-virulence genotypes IX and X



Molecular Epidemiology

p72 gene

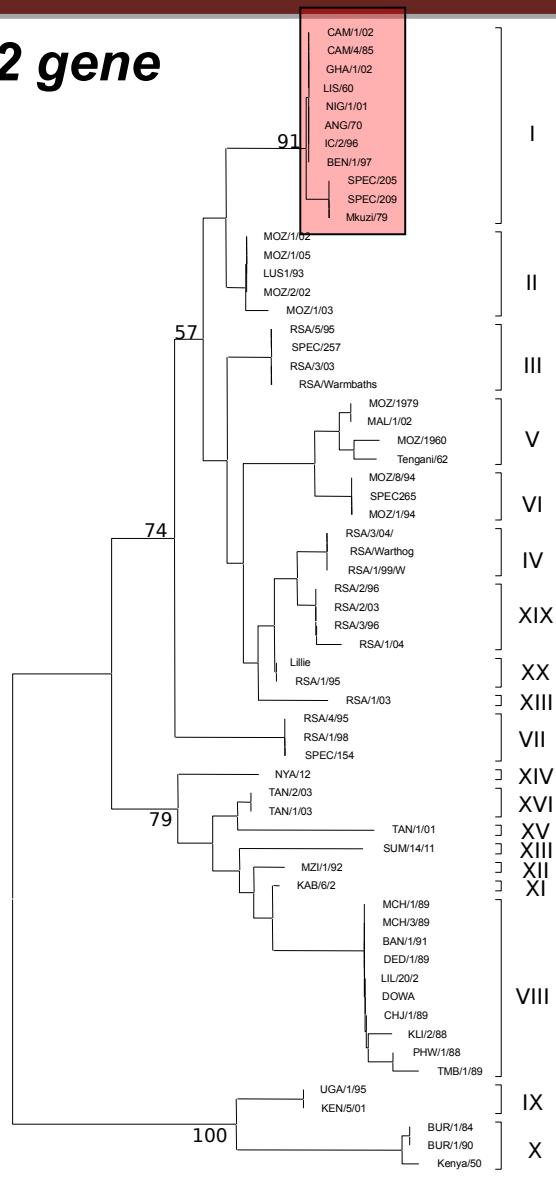


Neighbor-Joining tree depicting the p72 gene relationships and geographical distribution of the major ASFV genotypes

Contribution: Livio Heath (ARC-OVI)

Molecular Epidemiology

p72 gene

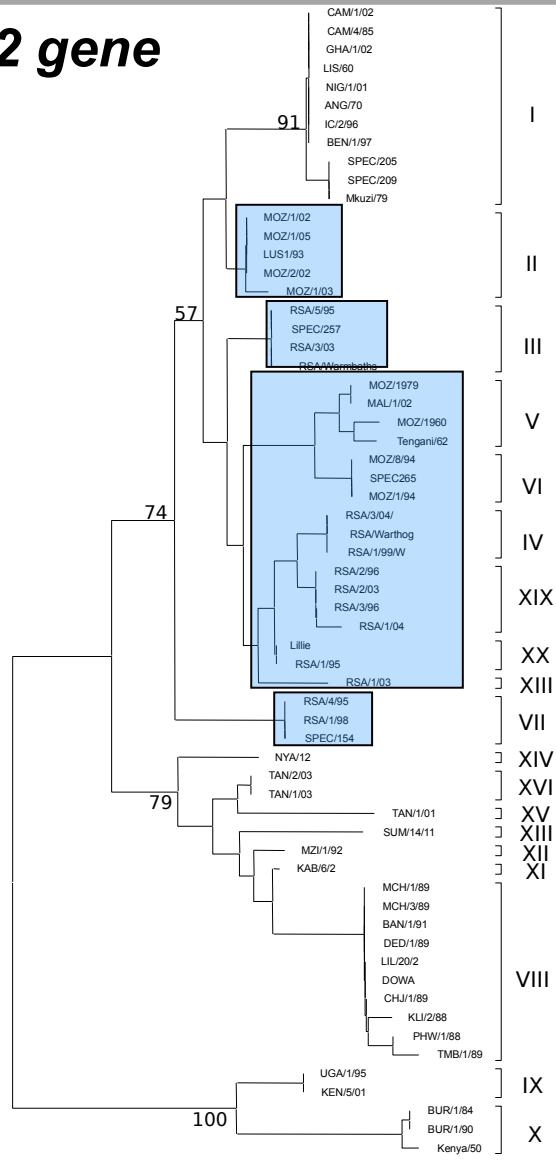


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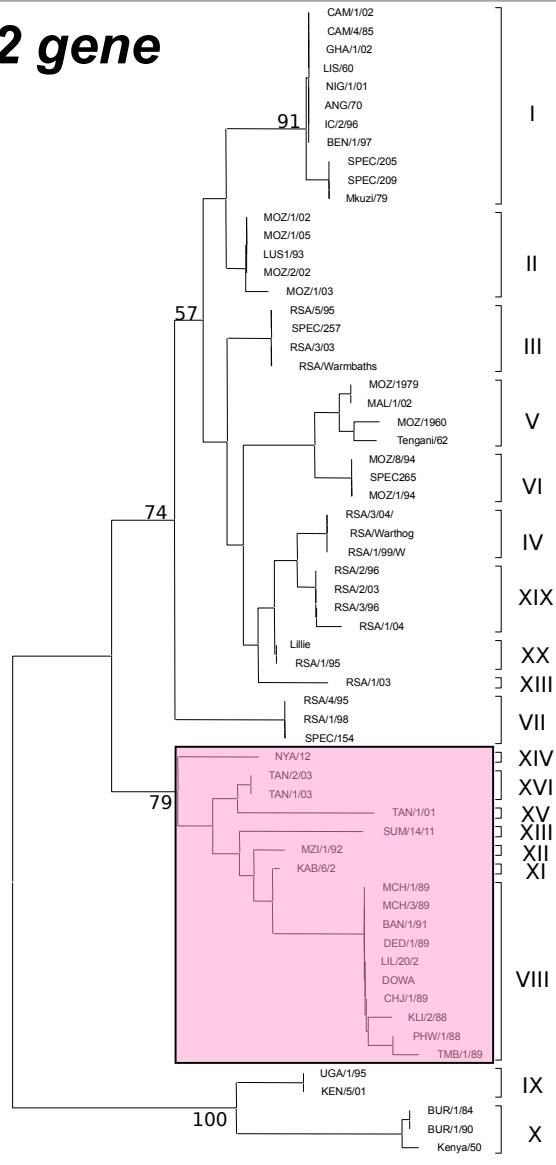


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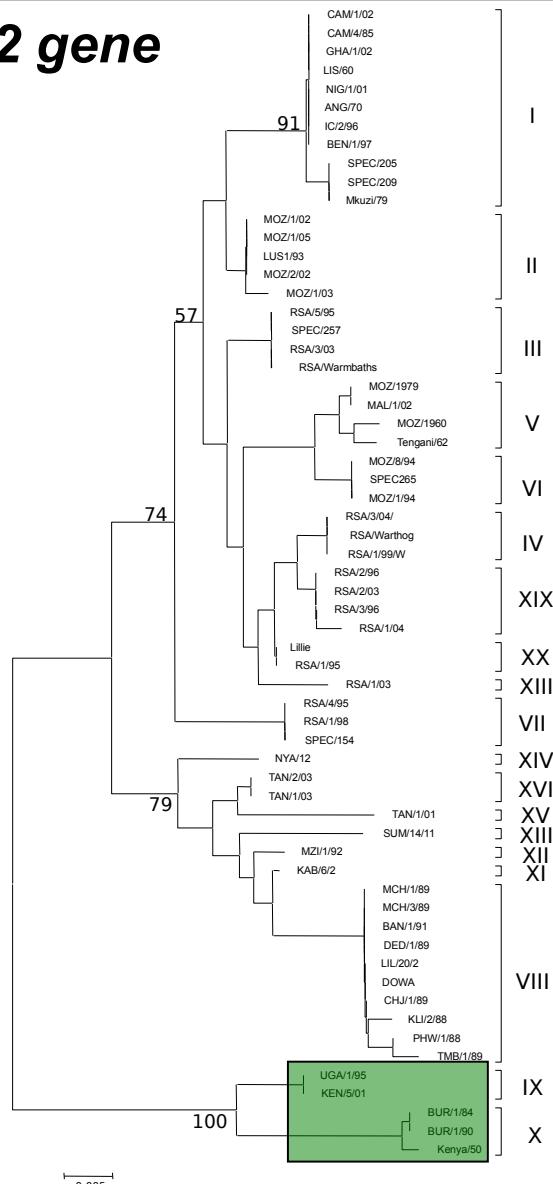
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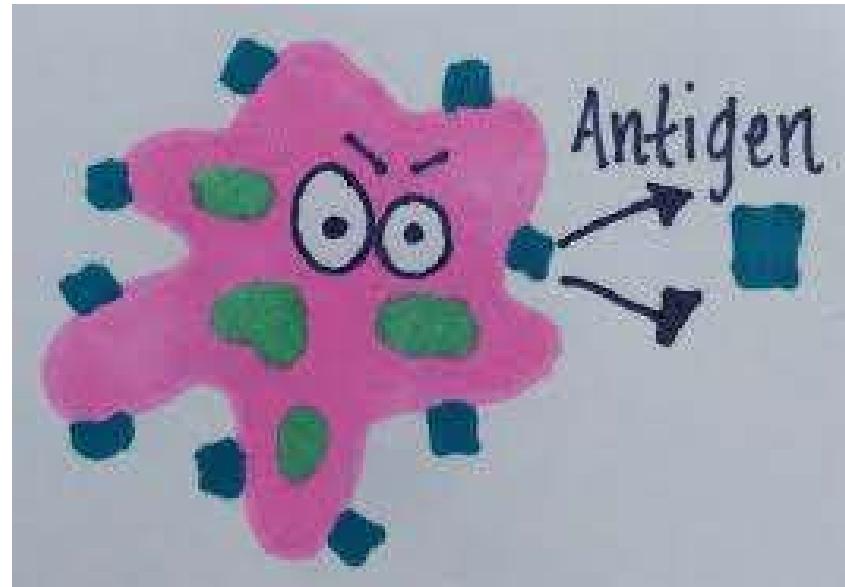


Neighbor-Joining tree depicting the p72 gene relationships and geographical distribution of the major ASFV genotypes

Contribution: Livio Heath (ARC-OVI)

Vaccine development

- identify and try subunit viral proteins eliciting immune reaction
- get an attenuated, safe virus as a vaccine candidate
- using modern genome editing (CRISR-Cas9 + synthetic biology)
- more diversity means different types of vaccine to be developed for Africa



Host genomics

- genes involved in the response of the pig to ASFV?
- why do some pigs seem asymptomatic?
- how come warthogs are unaffected by ASFV (natural reservoir)?
- can warthog genomics help us help the pigs?



The tick host



soft tick *Ornithodoros moubata*

- what is the life cycle of ASFV in the tick?
- can we disrupt it?
- Kapiti a great sampling field!
- establishing new tick lines (Naftaly)

ILRI scientists in the picture

**They helped get this pitch – or would get involved in such a project, isn't it?
Too many to name them all!**

- Jean-Baka Domelevo Entfellner
- Vish Nene
- Edward Okoth
- Sam Oyola
- Lucilla Steinaa
- Emily Ouma
- Naftaly Githaka
- Raphael Mrode
- Christian Tiambo
- Roger Pelle
- Hussein Abkallo
- Anna Lacasta
- Elise Schieck
- Nicholas Svitek
- Sonal Henson
- Nicoline de Haan
- Karl Rich
- etc...
- **YOU!!!**

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to the [CGIAR Trust Fund](#)

Patron: Professor Peter C Doherty AC, FAA, FRS

Animal scientist, Nobel Prize Laureate for Physiology or Medicine—1996

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