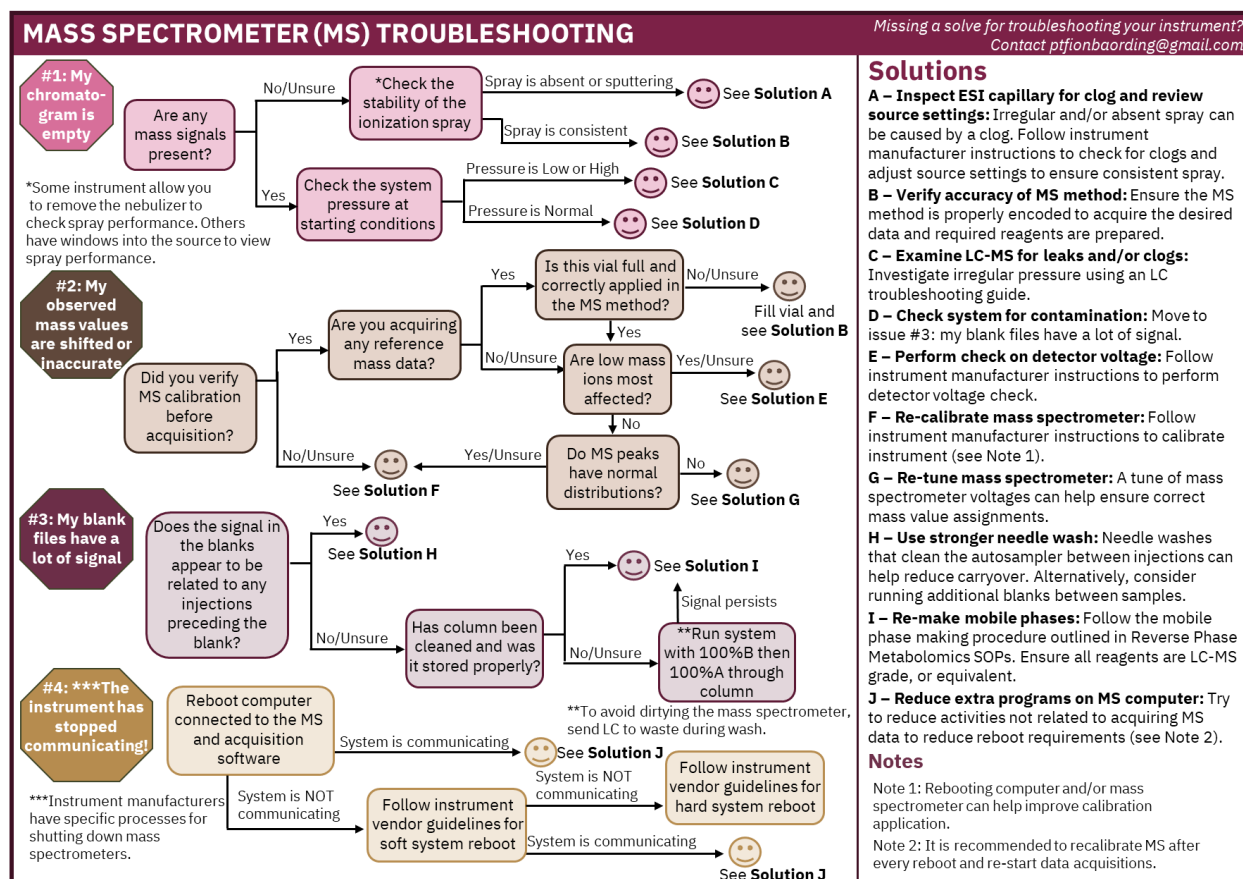


# Mass Spectrometer (MS) Troubleshooting Guide

There are four separate flow charts for troubleshooting data review and data upload challenges. The starting point for each flow chart is a challenge you might observe. Each flow chart has end points at each of 8 possible solutions. If there is a missing solve for your problem, you should send an email to: [ptfionboarding@gmail.com](mailto:ptfionboarding@gmail.com)



Each flow chart is described in detail below. From the following list, select the in-document link corresponding to the problem you're troubleshooting to navigate to the relevant flow chart.

## Mass spectrometer problems to troubleshoot

**Problem 1: My chromatogram is empty**

**Problem 2: My observed mass values are shifted or inaccurate**

**Problem 3: My blank files have a lot of signal**

**Problem 4: The instrument has stopped communicating**

## Flow chart 1: Empty chromatogram

### 1.1: Are any mass signals present?

- No or unsure: [Go to item 1.2](#)
- Yes: [Go to item 1.3](#)

### 1.2: Check the stability of the ionization spray.

Some instrument allow you to remove the nebulizer to check spray performance. Others have windows into the source to view spray performance.

- Spray is absent or sputtering: [See solution A](#)
- Spray is consistent: [See solution B](#)

### 1.3: Check the system pressure at starting conditions.

- Pressure is Low or High: [See solution C](#)
- Pressure is Normal: [See solution D](#)

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## Flow chart 2: Mass accuracy errors

### 2.1: Did you verify MS calibration before acquisition?

- Yes: [Go to item 2.2](#)
- No or unsure: [See solution F](#)

### 2.2: Are you acquiring any reference mass data?

- Yes: [Go to item 2.3](#)
- No or unsure: [Go to item 2.4](#)

### 2.3: Is this vial full and correctly applied in the MS method?

- No or unsure: [Fill vial and see solution B](#)
- Yes: [Go to item 2.4](#)

### 2.4: Are low mass ions most affected?

- Yes or unsure: [See solution E](#)
- No: [Go to item 2.5](#)

## 2.5: Do MS peaks have normal distributions?

- Yes or unsure: [See solution F](#)
- No: [See solution G](#)

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## Flow chart 3: High signal in blank

### 3.1: Does the signal in the blanks appear to be related to any injections preceding the blank?

- Yes: [See solution H](#)
- No or unsure: [See item 3.2](#)

### 3.2: Has column been cleaned and was it stored properly?

- Yes: [See solution I](#)
- No or unsure: [Go to item 3.3](#)

### 3.3: Run system with 100%B then 100%A through column.

To avoid dirtying the mass spectrometer, send LC to waste during wash.

- Signal persists: [See Solution I](#)

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## Flow chart 4: Instrument Communication Issues

Instrument manufacturers have specific processes for shutting down mass spectrometers.

### 4.1: Reboot computer connected to the MS and acquisition software.

- System is communicating: [See Solution J](#)
- System is not communicating: [Go to item 4.2](#)

### 4.2: Follow instrument vendor guidelines for soft system reboot.

- System is communicating: [See Solution J](#)
- System is not communicating: [Go to item 4.3](#)

### **4.3: Follow instrument vendor guidelines for hard system reboot.**

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## **Solutions**

### **Solution A: Inspect ESI capillary for clog and review source settings**

Irregular and/or absent spray can be caused by a clog. Follow instrument manufacturer instructions to check for clogs and adjust source settings to ensure consistent spray.

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### **Solution B: Verify accuracy of MS method**

Ensure the MS method is properly encoded to acquire the desired data and required reagents are prepared.

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### **Solution C: Examine LC-MS for leaks and/or clogs**

Investigate irregular pressure using an LC troubleshooting guide.

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### **Solution D: Check system for contamination**

Move to issue #3: my blank files have a lot of signal.

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### **Solution E: Perform check on detector voltage**

Follow instrument manufacturer instructions to perform detector voltage check.

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### **Solution F: Re-calibrate mass spectrometer**

Follow instrument manufacturer instructions to calibrate instrument ([see Note 1](#)).

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### **Solution G: Re-tune mass spectrometer**

A tune of mass spectrometer voltages can help ensure correct mass value assignments.

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### **Solution H: Use stronger needle wash**

Needle washes that clean the autosampler between injections can help reduce carryover. Alternatively, consider running additional blanks between samples.

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### **Solution I: Re-make mobile phases**

Follow the mobile phase making procedure outlined in Reverse Phase Metabolomics SOPs. Ensure all reagents are LC-MS grade, or equivalent.

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### **Solution J: Reduce extra programs on MS computer**

Try to reduce activities not related to acquiring MS data to reduce reboot requirements ([see Note 2](#)).

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## **Notes**

### **Note 1**

Rebooting computer and/or mass spectrometer can help improve calibration application.

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### **Note 2**

It is recommended to recalibrate MS after every reboot and re-start data acquisitions.

[Return to solution J](#)