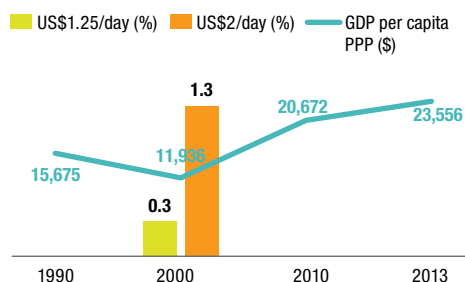


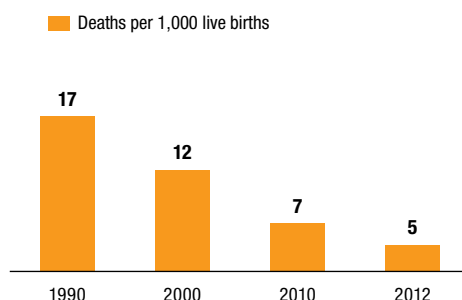
## ECONOMICS AND DEMOGRAPHY

### POVERTY RATES AND GDP



Source: World Bank 2014.  
Note: PPP = purchasing power parity.

### UNDER-5 MORTALITY RATE



Source: UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation 2013.

### INCOME INEQUALITY

Gini index, 2000 **32**

Source: World Bank 2014.  
Note: 0 = perfect equality, 100 = perfect inequality.

### POPULATION

Population (000)	3,028	2012
Under-5 population (000)	167	2012
Urban (%)	67	2010
>65 years (%)	16	2012

Source: UNPD 2013.

## CHILD ANTHROPOMETRY

### CHILD ANTHROPOMETRY

#### Number of children under 5 affected (000)

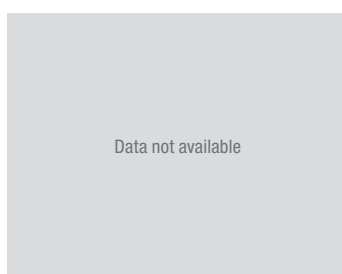
Stunting <sup>a</sup>	NA	NA
Wasting <sup>a</sup>	NA	NA
Overweight <sup>a</sup>	NA	NA

#### Percentage of children under 5 affected

Wasting <sup>a</sup>	NA	NA
Severe wasting <sup>a</sup>	NA	NA
Overweight <sup>a</sup>	NA	NA
Low birth weight <sup>b</sup>	4	2001

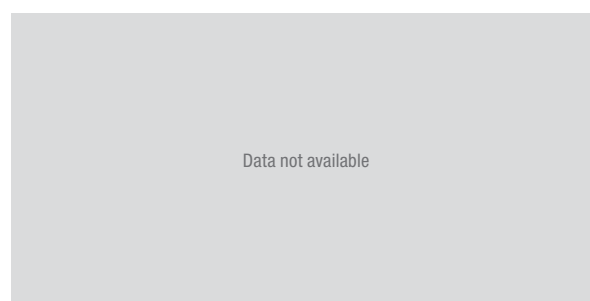
Sources: <sup>a</sup>UNICEF/WHO/WB 2014; <sup>b</sup>UNICEF 2014.  
Note: NA = not available.

### PREVALENCE OF UNDER-5 STUNTING (%)



Source: UNICEF/WHO/WB 2014.

### CHANGES IN STUNTING PREVALENCE OVER TIME, BY WEALTH QUINTILE



Source: DHS surveys 1990–2011 adapted from Bredenkamp et al. 2014.

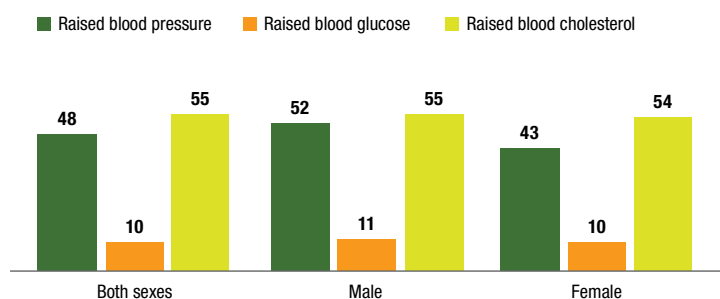
## ADOLESCENT AND ADULT NUTRITION STATUS

### ADOLESCENT AND ADULT ANTHROPOMETRY (% POPULATION)

Adolescent overweight <sup>a</sup>	NA	NA
Adolescent obesity <sup>a</sup>	NA	NA
Women of reproductive age, thinness <sup>b</sup>	NA	NA
Women of reproductive age, short stature <sup>b</sup>	NA	NA

Sources: <sup>a</sup>WHO 2014; <sup>b</sup>DHS 2014.  
Note: NA = not available.

### METABOLIC RISK FACTORS FOR DIET-RELATED NONCOMMUNICABLE DISEASES, 2008 (%)



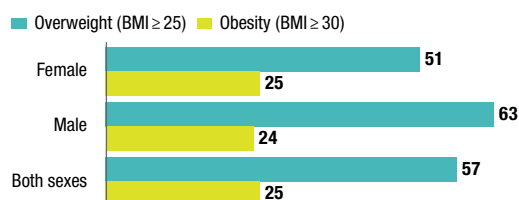
Source: WHO 2014.

### MICRONUTRIENT STATUS OF POPULATION

Women of reproductive age with anemia <sup>a</sup>		
Total population affected (000)	194	2011
Total population affected (%)	23	2011
Vitamin A deficiency in preschool-age children (%) <sup>b</sup>	11	NA
Population classification of iodine nutrition (age group 6–12) <sup>c</sup>	Mild iodine deficiency	1995

Sources: <sup>a</sup>Stevens et al. 2013; <sup>b</sup>WHO 2009; <sup>c</sup>WHO 2004.  
Note: NA = not available.

### PREVALENCE OF ADULT OVERWEIGHT AND OBESITY, 2008 (%)



Source: WHO 2014.  
Note: BMI = body mass index.

## WORLD HEALTH ASSEMBLY INDICATORS: PROGRESS AGAINST GLOBAL WHA TARGETS

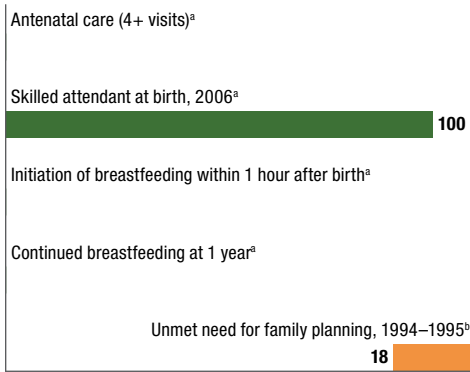
Indicator	Progress
Under-5 stunting	NA
Under-5 wasting	NA
Under-5 overweight	NA
WRA anemia, 2011	Currently off course

Source: WHO 2014.

Notes: Currently it is only possible to determine whether a country is on or off course for four of the six WHA targets. The year refers to the most recent data available; on/off-course calculation is based on trend data. WRA = women of reproductive age. NA = not available.

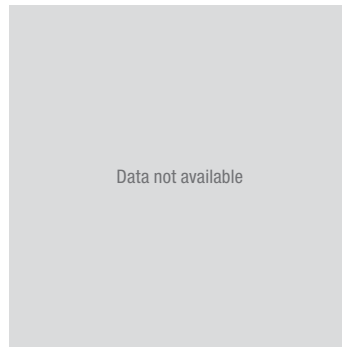
INTERVENTION COVERAGE AND CHILD-FEEDING PRACTICES

CONTINUUM OF CARE (%)



Sources: <sup>a</sup>UNICEF 2014; <sup>b</sup>UNPD 2014.

RATE OF EXCLUSIVE BREASTFEEDING OF INFANTS UNDER 6 MONTHS (%)



Source: UNICEF 2014.

INTERVENTION COVERAGE (%)

Severe acute malnutrition, geographic coverage <sup>a</sup>	NA	NA
Vitamin A supplementation, full coverage <sup>b</sup>	NA	NA
Children under 5 with diarrhea receiving ORS <sup>b</sup>	NA	NA
Immunization coverage, DTP3 <sup>b</sup>	93	2012
Iodized salt consumption <sup>b</sup>	NA	NA

Sources: <sup>a</sup>UNICEF/Coverage Monitoring Network/ACF International 2012; <sup>b</sup>UNICEF 2014. Notes: ORS=oral rehydration salts; DTP3=3 doses of combined diphtheria/tetanus/pertussis vaccine. NA=not available.

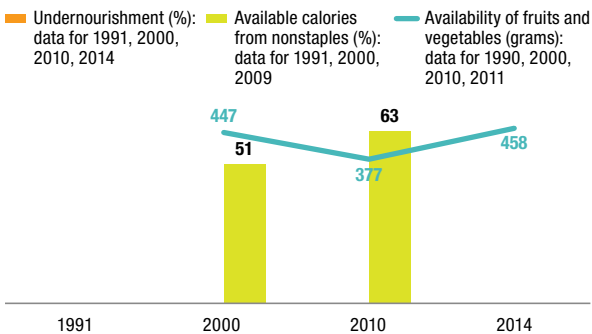
INFANT AND YOUNG-CHILD FEEDING PRACTICES (% 6–23 MONTHS)

Minimum acceptable diet	NA	NA
Minimum dietary diversity	NA	NA

Source: DHS. Note: NA=not available.

UNDERLYING DETERMINANTS

FOOD SUPPLY



Source: FAOSTAT 2014.

GENDER-RELATED DETERMINANTS

Early childbearing: births by age 18 (%) <sup>a</sup>	NA	NA
Gender Inequality Index (score <sup>a</sup> ) <sup>b</sup>	0.116	2013
Gender Inequality Index (country rank) <sup>b</sup>	21	2013

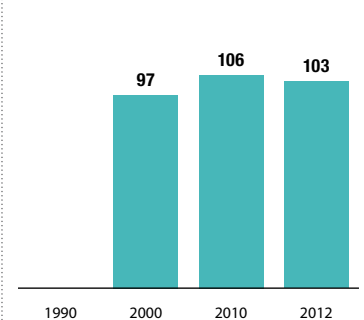
Sources: <sup>a</sup>UNICEF 2014; <sup>b</sup>UNDP 2014. Notes: <sup>a</sup>0=low inequality, 1=high inequality. NA=not available.

POPULATION DENSITY OF HEALTH WORKERS PER 1,000 PEOPLE

Physicians	4.116	2012
Nurses and midwives	7.170	2011
Community health workers	NA	NA

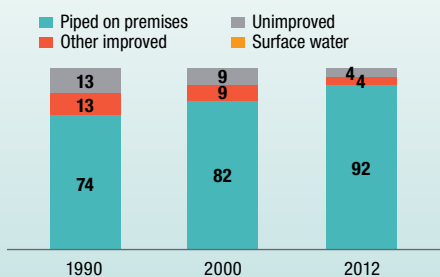
Source: WHO 2014. Note: NA=not available.

FEMALE SECONDARY EDUCATION ENROLLMENT (%)



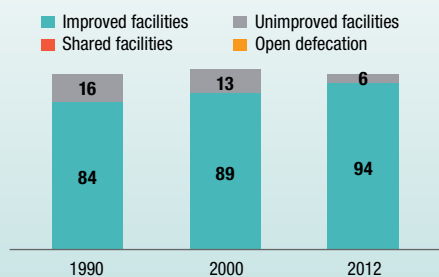
Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics 2014.

IMPROVED DRINKING WATER COVERAGE (%)



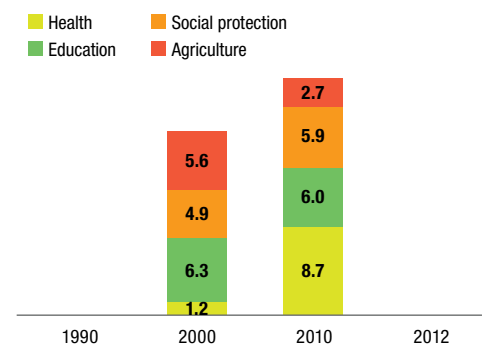
Source: WHO/UNICEF JMP 2014.

IMPROVED SANITATION COVERAGE (%)



Source: WHO/UNICEF JMP 2014.

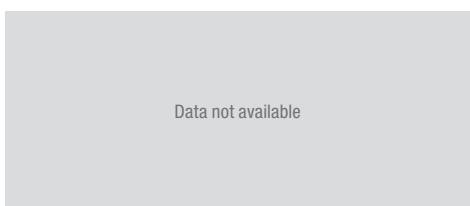
GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES (%)



Source: IFPRI 2014.

FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND POLICY, LEGISLATION, AND INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

SCALING UP NUTRITION (SUN) COUNTRY INSTITUTIONAL TRANSFORMATIONS, 2014 (%)



Source: SUN 2014.

POLICY AND LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS

National implementation of the International Code of Marketing of Breast-milk Substitutes <sup>a</sup>	Being studied	2014
Extent of constitutional right to food <sup>b</sup>	Medium	2003
Maternity protection (Convention 183) <sup>c</sup>	Yes	2011
Wheat fortification legislation <sup>d</sup>	No fortification	NA
Undernutrition mentioned in national development plans and economic growth strategies <sup>e</sup>	Rank: 83/83	2007–2009

Sources: <sup>a</sup>UNICEF 2014; <sup>b</sup>FAO 2003; <sup>c</sup>ILO 2013; <sup>d</sup>FFI 2014; <sup>e</sup>IDS 2014. Note: NA=not available.

AVAILABILITY AND STAGE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF GUIDELINES/PROTOCOLS/STANDARDS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF NCDs

Diabetes	Available, fully implemented	2010
Hypertension	Available, fully implemented	2010

Source: WHO 2014. Note: NCDs=noncommunicable diseases.